

# LAST EDITION. LET THE BILL STAND

## Workingmen Opposed to the Repeal of the Half-Holiday Law.

## The Agitation Spreading All Over the State.

"The Evening World's" Movement for the Half-Holiday Law the Most Popular Ever Organized in Behalf of Honest Labor—Workingmen in Brooklyn, Buffalo, Rochester, Troy and Utica Aroused What Well-Known Workers May.

THE EVENING WORLD'S fight against the repeal of the Saturday Half-Holiday law is becoming, and the movement has become one of the most popular ever organized in behalf of honest labor and the workingmen of this State.

The attempt to repeal the just law is not only meeting with great opposition in this city and Brooklyn, but the sons of toil of Buffalo, Syracuse, Rochester, Troy and Utica have also become aroused and are taking action in defense of their rights.

The legislators who wish to undo what they did last year are halting, and if the workingmen of the Empire State arise in their dignity the "Grind Mill" Trust of the millionaire manufacturers, grasping corporations and money-hearted employers will be crushed.

On Monday THE EVENING WORLD will publish interviews with the twenty-four members of Assembly from this city. Each one is to be placed on record on the question of the repeal of the law. The constituents of the legislators will know how their representatives stand.

This afternoon THE EVENING WORLD gives some interesting interviews with leaders of trade organizations. The expressions of views come from men who are directly interested in the Half-Holiday law, and they speak for themselves.

The blank form of petition, which is to be found in THE EVENING WORLD, is proving a great success, and thousands of slips only signed and authenticated are being received by mail and messengers. In many cases the workmen drop in themselves and hand in slips.

The suggestion is made that after a wage-worker has subscribed his name and address he should endeavor to secure another signature, as only people who are heartily interested in the half holiday would take the trouble to append their names to a blank form, and it out there they pay two cents for

Thomas Ford, a member of the Executive Board of District Assembly No. 49, of the Knights of Labor and a brassworker by trade, is heartily in favor of the law. He stands, I give THE EVENING WORLD credit for taking up the matter on behalf of the working people. The Saturday half holiday has proved beneficial in cases where it has been granted for my own industry. I will say that we (United Brassworkers) had it for two years, and the result was the moral and intellectual improvement of our members, and the Saturday half holiday has been injurious to their employees. It has been the reverse. That employees have the half holiday is a good thing, and in drinking saloons is the exception and not the rule. Even supposing that some do get drunk on Saturday afternoons, they get drunk quicker than they do on any other day on Monday. The wives of the brassworkers favor the half holiday because it brought their husbands home earlier with their wages and they had time to go to some place of amusement with their husbands at the time the bank clerks have been coerced into opposing the law by the presidents and managers of the banks. If they would not sign petition for the repeal of the law, the brassworkers would be dispensed with. The brassworkers endured a lockout of nine weeks in order to enforce the Half-Holiday law, and as their representative at the time I know well the workings of the statute.

Edward H. Greene, Secretary of the Executive Board of District Assembly No. 49—While I favor anything that will shorten the hours of labor, I do not think that the law will prove beneficial to the working people until it has penalties attached for violations of it. If no penalty is attached, employers will defy the law. I commend THE EVENING WORLD for its efforts. I have signed its petition because I think the law ought to have a fair trial before it is changed or repealed.

S. A. Samuels, manager of the Solidity Co-operative Clothing Company—I am in favor of the law as it stands. I think it a benefit to the people. They can do more and better work if they have the half holiday than they can without it.

John Rickert, Treasurer of the Solidity Co-operative Clothing Company—I am heartily in favor of it. We are organized to lessen the hours of labor, and any movement towards such a result should receive the support of every worker.

Commissioner Florence F. Donovan, of the State Board of Arbitration and Mediation—The Saturday Half-Holiday law has not had up to the present time a fair test. In some businesses where there is outside competition it will work to the detriment of the manufacturer. It is claimed on the part of the Legislature to confine the half holiday to the months of July, August and September. From the experience of the last year, however, in several messages have no doubt he will look after the interests of the wage-earners of the State. The absolute repeal of the law is not in my opinion. Senator Reilly and other friends of labor in the Legislature are making a determined fight in this matter against the moneyed corporations who want the law repealed. It is claimed on the part of the manufacturers that the tendency of the labor organizations is to demand pay for the half holiday and thereby leave the manufacturers at the mercy of outside competitors by compelling them to pay about 85 per cent more in wages. I do not believe this is wise if true, and I trust that the labor organizations will see the necessity of saving the half holiday by making some sacrifice. Laboring men have too little recreation by far, and the Saturday half holiday has been of great value in educating them and making them more prudent. My duties as a member of the Board of Arbitration enable me to observe the workings of any measure like that under discussion, and I therefore favor the

law as it stands and commend the enterprising EVENING WORLD for its efforts to prevent its repeal.

James T. Delaney, General Secretary of the United Order of American Carpenters and Joiners, an organization comprising over 5,000 members. The law should remain as it is. I am in favor of anything that will tend to the reduction of the hours of labor. The EVENING WORLD is doing noble work. It should be aided by every workman.

John J. McKenna, Secretary of the Ocean Association of Longshoremen—Of course I favor the Saturday half holiday. If we can't get what we want, let us take what we can get, and maintain what we have.

George Cavanagh, Delegate of the Amalgamated Carpenters and Joiners—We have the nine-hour rule in the building trades, and it would be selfishness on our part to desire the repeal of the Half-Holiday law.

Gregory Weinstein, of the Jewish Working People's Union—The sanction of the law is a good thing, even if there are no penalties attached to a violation of it. Let us keep what we have for the good influence it will exert in shortening the day a toll.

John Dougherty, Delegate of the Steam Fitters' Union—Certainly I favor the law as it is. I would like an eight-hour law for all the working people.

Peter J. Tierman, Delegate of the Tile-Layers' Union—I should regret to see the law repealed. Anything that tends to a reduction of the hours of labor I favor. The EVENING WORLD voices the sentiment of our organization in its efforts to maintain the law.

Robert P. Davis, Delegate of the Operative Painters' Union—I am decidedly in favor of the present law, or any other that will lessen the burden of the wage-earners of this State and particularly of this city, where a workman has so little time to himself except when out of work. The present long hours keep many out of a job.

A. J. Norton, of the Retail Clothing Salesmen's Association—Although the clothing salesmen do not get the benefit of the law they favor it, and hope that in good time they, too, can enjoy the half holiday on Saturdays. We would be glad to have all the clothing stores closed at 7 o'clock in the evening, or earlier if possible.

John G. Jones, Delegate of the Retail Clothing Salesmen's Association—If we can't get the half holiday in our trade we want those to enjoy it who can and do have it. I hope that THE EVENING WORLD will win the good fight that it is making so vigorously.

Michael Foley, Chairman of the United Labor party of the Second Assembly District—The law is a good one and ought to be generally observed. By all means let it stand. Every wage-worker and every man on salary should aid THE EVENING WORLD in its noble efforts in their behalf.

Edward McGuffin, President of the Furniture and Carpet Employees' Council No. 3—The Legislature should not repeal the law. It will be a hardship to those now enjoying the half holiday on Saturdays. We have it in our trade during the summer months.

John G. Jones, Delegate of Progressive Painters' Union No. 1—Anything that gives the working people shorter hours or reasonable time for rest and recreation I favor. THE EVENING WORLD is backed by the members of our organization in its good work in resisting the repeal of the law.

Edward McGuffin, Delegate of Progressive Painters' Union No. 3—We have the nine-hour rule. We would like to see every class of workers whom it benefits continue in the enjoyment of the present law.

Everett Bondy, delegate of the Brick Truck Drivers' Association—It is a good law, and I can see no valid reason for its repeal. The brick peddlers want it, repeated, but I'll bet a new bill that the brick peddlers want it.

James McDonald, Delegate of the Bricklayers' Union—Give the law a fair trial, say I. Its continuance is not an injury to any one, and it is a benefit to the workers.

Thomas Easton, delegate of Progressive Painters' Union, No. 6—Our organization favors THE EVENING WORLD in its good work, and we have the half holiday for years. For a limited time given have signed the petition against the repeal of the law.

George W. Dunne, ex-member of the Executive Board of District Assembly No. 49, who labored hard to secure the passage of the bill making the Half-Holiday law, and of course I endorse all that THE EVENING WORLD has done and is doing to prevent its repeal. There are thousands of workers who get the benefit of a few hours' rest and recreation on Saturday afternoons, but if the law is repealed they will be deprived of its benefits.

James P. Archibald, leader in the United Labor party and Master Workman of the National Trades District Assembly of Interior Decorators—The law is in favor of the law. I am in favor of anything that will tend towards the reduction of the hours of labor.

Walter Keesh, ex-President of Lodge No. 5 of the United Order of American Carpenters and Joiners—I am in favor of the law because it gives the working people more time for rest and recreation, especially in the summer season.

Charles Rogers, delegate of the Marble Cutters' Union—Our organization is unanimous against the repeal of the law. We back THE EVENING WORLD in its noble efforts to keep the law as it is.

Daniel Noonan, delegate of the Carriage Builders' Association—I signed THE EVENING WORLD's petition, and hope that it will be heartily acted upon at Albany.

Walter Wilcox, delegate of the Plumbers' Union—If the Legislature accedes to the wishes of the working people all over the State, the law will be repealed. For years and years the working people of Great Britain have had the half holiday. I never worked on Saturday afternoon until I came to this free country.

Charles Rogers, delegate of the Marble Cutters' Union—Our organization is unanimous against the repeal of the law. We back THE EVENING WORLD in its noble efforts to keep the law as it is.

Daniel Noonan, delegate of the Carriage Builders' Association—I signed THE EVENING WORLD's petition, and hope that it will be heartily acted upon at Albany.

Walter Wilcox, delegate of the Plumbers' Union—If the Legislature accedes to the wishes of the working people all over the State, the law will be repealed. For years and years the working people of Great Britain have had the half holiday. I never worked on Saturday afternoon until I came to this free country.

Charles Rogers, delegate of the Marble Cutters' Union—Our organization is unanimous against the repeal of the law. We back THE EVENING WORLD in its noble efforts to keep the law as it is.

Daniel Noonan, delegate of the Carriage Builders' Association—I signed THE EVENING WORLD's petition, and hope that it will be heartily acted upon at Albany.

Walter Wilcox, delegate of the Plumbers' Union—If the Legislature accedes to the wishes of the working people all over the State, the law will be repealed. For years and years the working people of Great Britain have had the half holiday. I never worked on Saturday afternoon until I came to this free country.

Charles Rogers, delegate of the Marble Cutters' Union—Our organization is unanimous against the repeal of the law. We back THE EVENING WORLD in its noble efforts to keep the law as it is.

Daniel Noonan, delegate of the Carriage Builders' Association—I signed THE EVENING WORLD's petition, and hope that it will be heartily acted upon at Albany.

Piano-Makers—I am in favor of the law, and I only wish that it could be universal, so that all wage-earners and workers of whatsoever kind could enjoy its benefits.

John Matthews, soda-fountain manufacturer, gives his employees the benefit of the Half-Holiday law. "I voice the sentiment of every man, boy and girl in the factory when I say that employees were never treated kinder than they are by Mr. McAlpin and his sons. They voluntarily gave us the half holiday when the law was passed, and not a penny was deducted from our wages."

D. H. McAlpin & Co., tobacco manufacturers at Avenue D and Tenth street, voluntarily granted their employees the Saturday half holiday, without reducing their pay, and immediately after the passage of the law. Here is a sample of the esteem in which the firm is held by its employees. It is from a man who has been twenty-seven years in the Messrs. McAlpin's employ. "I voice the sentiment of every man, boy and girl in the factory when I say that employees were never treated kinder than they are by Mr. McAlpin and his sons. They voluntarily gave us the half holiday when the law was passed, and not a penny was deducted from our wages."

George Cavanagh, Delegate of the Amalgamated Carpenters and Joiners—We have the nine-hour rule in the building trades, and it would be selfishness on our part to desire the repeal of the Half-Holiday law.

Gregory Weinstein, of the Jewish Working People's Union—The sanction of the law is a good thing, even if there are no penalties attached to a violation of it. Let us keep what we have for the good influence it will exert in shortening the day a toll.

John Dougherty, Delegate of the Steam Fitters' Union—Certainly I favor the law as it is. I would like an eight-hour law for all the working people.

Peter J. Tierman, Delegate of the Tile-Layers' Union—I should regret to see the law repealed. Anything that tends to a reduction of the hours of labor I favor. The EVENING WORLD voices the sentiment of our organization in its efforts to maintain the law.

Robert P. Davis, Delegate of the Operative Painters' Union—I am decidedly in favor of the present law, or any other that will lessen the burden of the wage-earners of this State and particularly of this city, where a workman has so little time to himself except when out of work. The present long hours keep many out of a job.

A. J. Norton, of the Retail Clothing Salesmen's Association—Although the clothing salesmen do not get the benefit of the law they favor it, and hope that in good time they, too, can enjoy the half holiday on Saturdays. We would be glad to have all the clothing stores closed at 7 o'clock in the evening, or earlier if possible.

John G. Jones, Delegate of the Retail Clothing Salesmen's Association—If we can't get the half holiday in our trade we want those to enjoy it who can and do have it. I hope that THE EVENING WORLD will win the good fight that it is making so vigorously.

Michael Foley, Chairman of the United Labor party of the Second Assembly District—The law is a good one and ought to be generally observed. By all means let it stand. Every wage-worker and every man on salary should aid THE EVENING WORLD in its noble efforts in their behalf.

Edward McGuffin, President of the Furniture and Carpet Employees' Council No. 3—The Legislature should not repeal the law. It will be a hardship to those now enjoying the half holiday on Saturdays. We have it in our trade during the summer months.

John G. Jones, Delegate of Progressive Painters' Union No. 1—Anything that gives the working people shorter hours or reasonable time for rest and recreation I favor. THE EVENING WORLD is backed by the members of our organization in its good work in resisting the repeal of the law.

Edward McGuffin, Delegate of Progressive Painters' Union No. 3—We have the nine-hour rule. We would like to see every class of workers whom it benefits continue in the enjoyment of the present law.

Everett Bondy, delegate of the Brick Truck Drivers' Association—It is a good law, and I can see no valid reason for its repeal. The brick peddlers want it, repeated, but I'll bet a new bill that the brick peddlers want it.

James McDonald, Delegate of the Bricklayers' Union—Give the law a fair trial, say I. Its continuance is not an injury to any one, and it is a benefit to the workers.

Thomas Easton, delegate of Progressive Painters' Union, No. 6—Our organization favors THE EVENING WORLD in its good work, and we have the half holiday for years. For a limited time given have signed the petition against the repeal of the law.

George W. Dunne, ex-member of the Executive Board of District Assembly No. 49, who labored hard to secure the passage of the bill making the Half-Holiday law, and of course I endorse all that THE EVENING WORLD has done and is doing to prevent its repeal. There are thousands of workers who get the benefit of a few hours' rest and recreation on Saturday afternoons, but if the law is repealed they will be deprived of its benefits.

James P. Archibald, leader in the United Labor party and Master Workman of the National Trades District Assembly of Interior Decorators—The law is in favor of the law. I am in favor of anything that will tend towards the reduction of the hours of labor.

Walter Keesh, ex-President of Lodge No. 5 of the United Order of American Carpenters and Joiners—I am in favor of the law because it gives the working people more time for rest and recreation, especially in the summer season.

Charles Rogers, delegate of the Marble Cutters' Union—Our organization is unanimous against the repeal of the law. We back THE EVENING WORLD in its noble efforts to keep the law as it is.

Daniel Noonan, delegate of the Carriage Builders' Association—I signed THE EVENING WORLD's petition, and hope that it will be heartily acted upon at Albany.

Walter Wilcox, delegate of the Plumbers' Union—If the Legislature accedes to the wishes of the working people all over the State, the law will be repealed. For years and years the working people of Great Britain have had the half holiday. I never worked on Saturday afternoon until I came to this free country.

Charles Rogers, delegate of the Marble Cutters' Union—Our organization is unanimous against the repeal of the law. We back THE EVENING WORLD in its noble efforts to keep the law as it is.

Daniel Noonan, delegate of the Carriage Builders' Association—I signed THE EVENING WORLD's petition, and hope that it will be heartily acted upon at Albany.

Walter Wilcox, delegate of the Plumbers' Union—If the Legislature accedes to the wishes of the working people all over the State, the law will be repealed. For years and years the working people of Great Britain have had the half holiday. I never worked on Saturday afternoon until I came to this free country.

Charles Rogers, delegate of the Marble Cutters' Union—Our organization is unanimous against the repeal of the law. We back THE EVENING WORLD in its noble efforts to keep the law as it is.

Daniel Noonan, delegate of the Carriage Builders' Association—I signed THE EVENING WORLD's petition, and hope that it will be heartily acted upon at Albany.

Walter Wilcox, delegate of the Plumbers' Union—If the Legislature accedes to the wishes of the working people all over the State, the law will be repealed. For years and years the working people of Great Britain have had the half holiday. I never worked on Saturday afternoon until I came to this free country.

Charles Rogers, delegate of the Marble Cutters' Union—Our organization is unanimous against the repeal of the law. We back THE EVENING WORLD in its noble efforts to keep the law as it is.

Daniel Noonan, delegate of the Carriage Builders' Association—I signed THE EVENING WORLD's petition, and hope that it will be heartily acted upon at Albany.

Walter Wilcox, delegate of the Plumbers' Union—If the Legislature accedes to the wishes of the working people all over the State, the law will be repealed. For years and years the working people of Great Britain have had the half holiday. I never worked on Saturday afternoon until I came to this free country.

## THEY WILL STRIKE ON MONDAY.

Chief Arthur's Instructions to the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Engineers.

CHICAGO, Feb. 25.—Chief Arthur, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, who has been zealous in his efforts to bring about an amicable settlement of the difficulties between the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy road and its employees, has since yesterday been in negotiations with the railroad officials in a final effort to avert the strike.

The latter continue obstinate, however, and refuse to listen to any proposition for settling the matter by arbitration, and it is thought that the men will be ordered out as soon as their committee reports the result of the negotiations.

Chief Arthur holds himself in readiness to declare a strike as soon as the request of the dissatisfied engineers is officially communicated to him. Freight shippers in this city are greatly alarmed at the situation, and it is expected that the trains will not run on Monday morning, but Chief Arthur has given the word for a strike at 4 o'clock Monday morning.

The People's Friend.  
To the Editor of The Evening World:  
The working people of this city ought to be proud of having such a champion of their rights and cause as THE EVENING WORLD.

It certainly should be appreciated by every workingman and wage-earner in this city as well as outside.

I am a constant reader and I could not go home in the evening without buying it.

It contains more information about the laboring class than any paper I have yet seen.

Success to THE EVENING WORLD in its earnest wish of a reader.

H. C. SAMUELSON.  
251 East Fifty-fourth street.

Helping the Reading Strikers.  
Master Workman Boyle, of National District 155, of the Knights of Labor, composed of miners in the Schuylkill region, arrived from Boston this morning and dropped in at headquarters preparatory to his leaving for his home at Sennett, Pa. He reports that District Assembly No. 20, of Massachusetts, has already extended good support to the destitute miners, and has promised additional aid.

The delegation of Reading Railroad men and their headquarters preparatory to their departure from this city this evening. All of them were confident of making a settlement with Mr. Corbin.

No Boycott on R. M. Cowperthwait & Co.  
CENTRAL LABOR UNION,  
New York, Feb. 25, 1888.

To whom it may concern:  
It having been rumored that this body had levied a boycott on R. M. Cowperthwait & Co., of Chatham square, I herewith certify that no such action was taken by this body.

Attest:  
ERNEST BORN, Cor. Sec.

Talked of by Workingmen.  
The Hickory Labor Club, of plumbers, has changed its meeting night to Tuesday and hereafter will meet on Tuesday night, instead of on Monday night as heretofore.

Delegate Rice, of the Housecarpenter's Union, and Delegate Davis, of the Operative Painters' Union, occupied the chair and the Vice-Chair respectively at the meeting of the Building Trades section last night.

Members of any of the Progressive Painters' unions will be admitted to the general convention of the trade at Pythagoras Hall on the second Monday in March, on presenting their union cards at the door.

A delegate of the Steam-Pipe and Boiler Fitters' union reports that the bosses in that trade have promised to recognize the union and also the benefit of \$250. The Building Trades' section has promised to give the latter all the assistance in their power.

A special committee of the Building Trades section of the central labor union will today call upon two large clothing firms in the Bowery and request one to employ union painters in its building and the other to employ its painters to do the work of painters when union men are its best patrons.

Credentials for the admission of delegates from the Electric (Portable) Engineers' Association No. 5, the Enterprise Association of Steam-Fitters, the Paper-Hangers' Union and the Plumbers' Union and the Steam Pipe and Boiler-Fitters' Union were received last night at the Building Trades section.

Progressive Painters' Union No. 6 sent a communication to the Building Trades section last night saying that the owner of the excursion steamer, the Bay Bridge, who had been employed at Beethoven Hall, was employing non-union painters to do the painting on the steamer. The secretary was instructed to request the owner to employ union men.

The Ball and Trade section last night adopted a preamble and resolution asking the help of the United States and calling the attention of that body to the encroachment of the letter-carriers to obtain shorter hours, and request the Senate to limit the hours to eight per day. The secretary will forward a copy of the preamble and resolution to-day to Washington.

McAFFREY EXPECTED HOME DAILY.  
His Wife Indignantly Denies that He Has Run Away from Her.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 25.—Dominick McCaffrey is expected home daily. His wife, with his two children, one an either knee, was found this morning at her residence in this city, and she indignantly and unqualifiedly denied the statement that he had deserted her or that he had gone to Australia.

"He left me," she said, "on Feb. 16, and he was at that time bound for Cuba by way of Florida. He kissed me and the children good-by, after vainly asking us to go with him. He wanted me to follow him to take little Dominick, but I refused, because neither of the children was well."

"I heard from him a few days ago. He was then in Jacksonville, Fla., and from what he said I infer that he will be home to-night, or in a few days at the latest. He was to meet the local pugilists."

He left me for the benefit of his health, and whoever says he deserted us tells what is not true. He left me money and kissed us all good-by."

Policemen Released.  
Policeman Herman Koenig, of the Morrisania station, who was arrested for assaulting a colored woman and firing a pistol in West Third street, was discharged in the Jefferson Market Court to-day. He said he was arrested, was presented to Justice White at Jefferson Market this morning by Inspector of Police W. K. Wais, of Boston. The woman was then transferred to the Boston authorities.

Shot Himself Through the Head.  
BREMEN, Feb. 25.—Edward Meuchant, a German of North Bremen, committed suicide last night by shooting himself through the head. He had been in ill-health and was despondent.

County Treasurer Tally Dead.  
James Tuohy, of Tompkinsville, S. I., died at St. Mary's Hospital, Brooklyn, last evening. He was County Treasurer of Richmond County, and an old resident of Staten Island.

The best yet—TURKISH CROSS-CUT CIGARETTES.

## LILLI LEHMAN'S WEDDING.

TAKING PLACE JUST AFTER PAUL KALISCH ARRIVED FROM GERMANY.

She Met Him on the Steamship Wharf, Telegraphed to a Minister and Took Her Retrospect to Church—The Ceremony Private—The Prima Donna Practices the Singing of School Children.

As the North German Lloyd steamer Saale came up the North River yesterday morning her course was anxiously watched by a lady who had alighted from a carriage at the wharf in Hoboken more than an hour before, and who paced the wharf impatiently.

The lady was Fraulein Lilli Lehman, prima donna of the German Opera Company. She had received early in the morning a telegram to the effect that the Saale had passed Sandy Hook, and shortly afterwards she left the Hotel Normandie for Hoboken.

One of the passengers on the Saale was Herr Paul Kalisch, the well-known tenor of the Berlin and Vienna opera-houses. He is a rather middle-aged man of thirty years, with a thin blond mustache and little blond whiskers.

He had been engaged to Fraulein Lehman for several years, and it was known that they were to be married before long, but not even the prima donna's most intimate friends had any idea that the ceremony would take place as soon as it did.

Herr Kalisch and the prima donna were driven back to the hotel, and Fraulein Lehman at once sent the following telegram to the Rev. Bartholomew Kruse, pastor of the German Presbyterian Church at Madison and Montgomery streets.

I wish to be married early this evening. Herr Kalisch and I will be at the church between 4 and 6 o'clock. The ceremony will be private.

The telegram reached Mr. Kruse's house, 276 Madison street, at 3 o'clock. It took the reverend gentleman by surprise, but he and his good wife at once began to make the necessary preparations.

The church was warmed and lighted and the school children were put through a hurried rehearsal of a wedding hymn. There was no time to notify the regular church choir.

At 5.15 o'clock, even earlier than had been expected, the bridal party arrived. It consisted of Herr Kalisch, Fraulein Lehman and Fraulein Hedwig Holbig.

The bride wore a black lace dress and had a silver comb in her hair. The bridegroom was attired in full evening dress.

The couple met at the altar, and the minister read the liturgy of the Reformed Church. Miss Minnie Krusi played on the organ, and Mrs. Caroline H. Hoeh, Mrs. M. Hirschbein, Miss C. Decker, Miss Sophie Schroeder and Mrs. M. Lang led the choir in singing the 101st psalm. Lord bless our going out and our coming in.

The bride was in the most exuberant spirits. She laughed and cried and threw flowers and kisses to the little choristers.

The songs of the children pleased her better than if it had been a chorus of trained professionals.

The witnesses who signed the marriage were: Herr Paul Kalisch, his wife and Mrs. Louise Krusi, wife of the pastor.

The bridal couple returned to the hotel, where a dinner had been ordered for a party of fifteen in the prima-donna's apartments. The bride and groom all noticed that the bride was unusually animated and her face was covered with smiles.

The bridal couple are still at the hotel and have no intention of leaving it until they are able to leave the city for their honeymoon.

The news of the happy event was a complete surprise to the many professional friends of both Mr. and Mrs. Kalisch.

Mr. Edmund C. Stanton, of the Metropolitan Opera House, said he had no knowledge of the ceremony and was not at the wedding supper.

Herr Kalisch and his bride are announced to sing at the first Seidl concert in Chickering Hall on Friday evening next. They will take part in the finale to "Don Giovanni."

The couple are also announced to sing at the Cincinnati Music Festival in May.

BRADBURY'S NODS AND SIGNALS.  
Why Is the Dexter Bank President So Much Interested in Nods and Signals?

BANGOR, Me., Feb. 25.—Attorney-General Baker opened the morning session of the Maine-Cromwell murder trial by calling President Bradbury of the Dexter Bank on the stand again.

Yesterday the witness swore he had taken no interest in the murders of his faithful treasurer, and the morning he left the stand gave very tangible evidence that he was an exceedingly interested party in the defense.

To Mr. Baker's questions President Bradbury was forced to admit that he had taken a seat beside Stain and his lawyer's elbow, and had dictated the questions to be put to the witness, and that he had also dictated Mr. Barron a defendant. He was also asked why he nodded and signalled Hamilton what to answer each time.

The clerk of the steamer Star of the East, on which